

PEDIATRIX MEDICAL GROUP, INC.
AUDIT COMMITTEE OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS
AMENDED AND RESTATED CHARTER

February 17, 2026

I. Purpose.

The primary function of the Audit Committee (the “Committee”) of the Board of Directors (the “Board”) of Pediatrix Medical Group, Inc. (the “Company”) is to:

- Assist the Board in evaluation and oversight of:
 - the integrity of the Company’s financial statements and internal controls;
 - the Company’s compliance with applicable legal and regulatory requirements;
 - the qualifications and independence of the independent auditors performing audit functions for the Company (the “Auditors”); and
 - the performance of the Company’s Auditors and internal audit function;
- Review draft sections of the Proxy Statement relating to Committee functions and prepare the audit committee report required by the Securities and Exchange Commission to be included therein; and
- Oversee the Company’s auditing, accounting and financial reporting processes generally.

Consistent with this function, the Committee shall encourage continuous improvement of, and shall foster adherence to, the Company’s policies, procedures and practices at all levels and shall fulfill the duties and responsibilities enumerated in Section IV of this Charter. Adequate funding (as determined by the Committee) for such activities shall be provided by the Company.

II. Composition.

The Committee shall be comprised of three or more directors, as determined by the Board, each of whom shall be an independent director as determined in accordance with the standards set forth in the Company’s Corporate Governance Principles. In addition, each member of the Committee must be “independent” as defined by Rule 10A-3(b)(1) under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934.

All members of the Committee shall have a working familiarity with basic finance and accounting practices, and at least one member of the Committee shall qualify as an “audit committee financial expert” as defined by the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Any action duly taken by the Committee during a period in which one or more of the members subsequently is determined to have failed to meet the membership qualifications described herein shall nevertheless constitute a duly authorized action of the Committee and shall be valid and effective for all purposes, except to the extent required by law or determined appropriate by the Committee to satisfy regulatory standards.

Committee members shall not simultaneously serve on the audit committees of more than two other public companies unless the Board determines that such simultaneous service would not impair the ability of such director to serve effectively on the Committee.

The Committee members shall be elected by the Board and shall serve until a successor is elected and qualified, except as otherwise provided in the Bylaws of the Company or by resolution adopted by the Board.

Unless a Chair is elected by the Board, the members of the Committee may designate a Chair by majority vote of the full Committee membership. Upon a determination of the full Committee membership, matters may be delegated to a subcommittee for evaluation and recommendation back to the full Committee.

III. Meetings.

The Committee shall meet at least four times annually, or more frequently as circumstances dictate. The Committee may meet by telephone, video conference or similar means of remote communication. As part of its job to foster open communication, the Committee shall meet at least annually with management, the Auditors and the Company's internal auditors in separate executive sessions to discuss any matters that the Committee or each of these groups believe should be discussed privately. After each meeting of the Committee, it shall report its activities to the Company's Board.

Action Without a Meeting

Any action required to be taken at a meeting of the Committee, or any action which may be taken at a meeting of the Committee, may be taken without a meeting if a consent in writing, setting forth the action so to be taken, signed by all the members of the Committee is filed in the minutes of the proceedings of the Committee. Such consent shall have the same effect as a unanimous vote.

IV. Responsibilities and Duties.

To fulfill its responsibilities and duties the Committee shall:

Documents/Reports Review

- Meet to review and discuss with management and the Auditors the Company's annual and quarterly financial statements and any reports or other financial information submitted to any governmental body, or the public, including any certification, report, opinion, or review rendered by the Auditors. Furthermore, each earnings release need not be discussed in detail in advance, however, it is the Committee's responsibility to discuss earnings releases as well as financial information and earnings guidance at least generally (*i.e.*, a discussion of the types of information to be disclosed and the type of presentations to be made).
- Meet to review and discuss with management and the Auditors the reports on Forms 10-Q and 10-K (including the Company's specific disclosures under "Management's

Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations”) prior to filing.

Independent Auditors

- Retain the Company’s Auditors and maintain sole responsibility for their compensation, oversight and termination. On an annual basis, the Committee shall review and discuss with the Auditors all relationships the Auditors have with the Company to determine the Auditor’s independence. The Auditors shall report directly to the Committee.
- Obtain and review, at least annually, a report by the Auditor describing the Auditor’s internal quality-control procedures, any material issues raised by the most recent internal quality-control review, or peer review, of the Auditor, or by any inquiry or investigation by governmental or professional authorities within the preceding five years respecting one or more independent audits carried out by the Auditor, and any steps taken to deal with such issues.
- Evaluate, at least annually, whether to require Auditor and/or audit partner rotation. Audit partner rotation shall be required in the event that the lead audit partner has performed audit services for the Company in each of the five previous fiscal years.
- Pre-approve all auditing and non-auditing services provided by the Auditors to the Company.
- Meet separately with management and the Auditors on a periodic basis.
- Review and approve a report from the Auditors prior to the filing of any audit report with the SEC addressing (1) critical accounting policies and practices to be used in the audit, (2) all alternative treatments of financial information within GAAP for policies and procedures related to material items that were discussed with management, ramifications of such alternative disclosures and the treatment recommended by the Auditors, and (3) other material communications with management.
- Review the effect of regulatory and accounting initiatives, as well as off-balance sheet structures, on the financial statements of the Company.
- Establish policies for hiring personnel previously employed by any accounting firm engaged by the Company.

Internal Audit Function

- Oversee the Company’s internal audit function, including the retention, evaluation and termination of the chief audit executive.
- Review and approve the annual audit plan developed by the internal audit function, and any periodic updates thereto.

- Meet periodically with the Company's internal auditors (or other personnel responsible for the internal audit function) to review the scope of the work to be performed, the results of the work previously performed, the adequacy and effectiveness of the controls tested, and any issues and any recommendations related thereto and management's response to those items.
- Report the Committee's conclusions to the Board as necessary with respect to the performance of the internal auditor functions.

Financial Reporting Processes

- Review, in consultation with the Auditors, the integrity of the Company's financial reporting and disclosure control processes.
- Review and discuss with the Auditors the matters required to be discussed per the applicable requirements of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board.
- Consider the Auditor's judgments about the quality and appropriateness of the Company's accounting principles as applied in its financial reporting.
- Consider and approve, if appropriate, major changes to the Company's auditing and accounting principles and practices as suggested by the Auditors or management.
- Establish procedures for the receipt, retention and treatment of (1) complaints received by the Company regarding accounting, internal accounting controls, or auditing matters, and (2) confidential, anonymous submissions by employees of the Company of concerns regarding questionable accounting or auditing matters.

Process Improvement

- Review this Charter at least annually, and as conditions dictate consider updates and/or amendments.
- Perform an annual performance evaluation of the Committee.
- Establish regular and separate systems of reporting to the Committee by management and the Auditors regarding any significant financial reporting issues and judgments made in management's preparation of the financial statements and the view of each as to appropriateness of such judgments.
- Following completion of the annual audit, review separately with management and the Auditors any significant difficulties encountered during the course of the audit, including any restrictions on the scope of work or access to required information.
- Review with the Auditor any audit problems or difficulties and management's response thereto.

- Resolve any significant disagreement between management and the Auditors in connection with the preparation of the financial statements.
- Review with the Auditors and management the extent to which changes or improvements in financial or accounting practices, as approved by the Committee, have been implemented.
- Review the Code of Conduct approved by the Nominating/Corporate Governance Committee to ensure standards applicable to senior financial officers and the principal executive officer have been included and monitor compliance by senior financial officers and the principal executive officer.

Other Matters

- Review, with the Company's counsel, any legal matter that could have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements. At the Committee's discretion and at the Company's expense, engage independent counsel and other advisers necessary to carry out its duties.
- Oversee, discuss and evaluate guidelines, policies and processes with respect to risk assessment and risk management and the steps management has taken to monitor and control risk exposure, and advise the Board with respect to such matters, as appropriate.
- Oversee the process for determining any disclosure required with respect to cybersecurity incidents in the Company's filings with the SEC, which process may include designating one or more persons to make materiality determinations with respect to such incidents.
- Review and approve transactions between the Company and any related person (as defined in Item 404 of Regulation S-K) in accordance with the Company's related person transaction approval policy.
- Perform any other activities consistent with this Charter, the Company's Bylaws and governing law, as the Board deems necessary or appropriate.

V. Outside Advisors

The Committee shall have the authority to retain such outside counsel, experts and other advisers as the Committee may deem appropriate in its sole discretion. The Committee shall have sole authority to approve related fees and retention terms. The Committee shall receive appropriate funding from the Company, as determined by the Committee, for any expense related to any external advisers and for the ordinary administrative expenses of the Committee. The Committee shall have full, unrestricted access to Company books, records and facilities.